

Malloof's Rule #4 of Bioinformatics
plus
Common Problems and Solutions

Maloof Rule # 4

- Do NOT trust the computer
- Be suspicious of results that look too good (or too strange)
- Corollary: the computer is stupid

Example: Be Skeptical

- *Exercise 11b*: Use a for loop that builds on the command from 11a to count the number of unique hits in each file.

Algorithm	Time	Number of Unique Hits
megablast	0m16.054s	500
dc-megablast	0m28.169s	500
blastn	0m20.736s	500

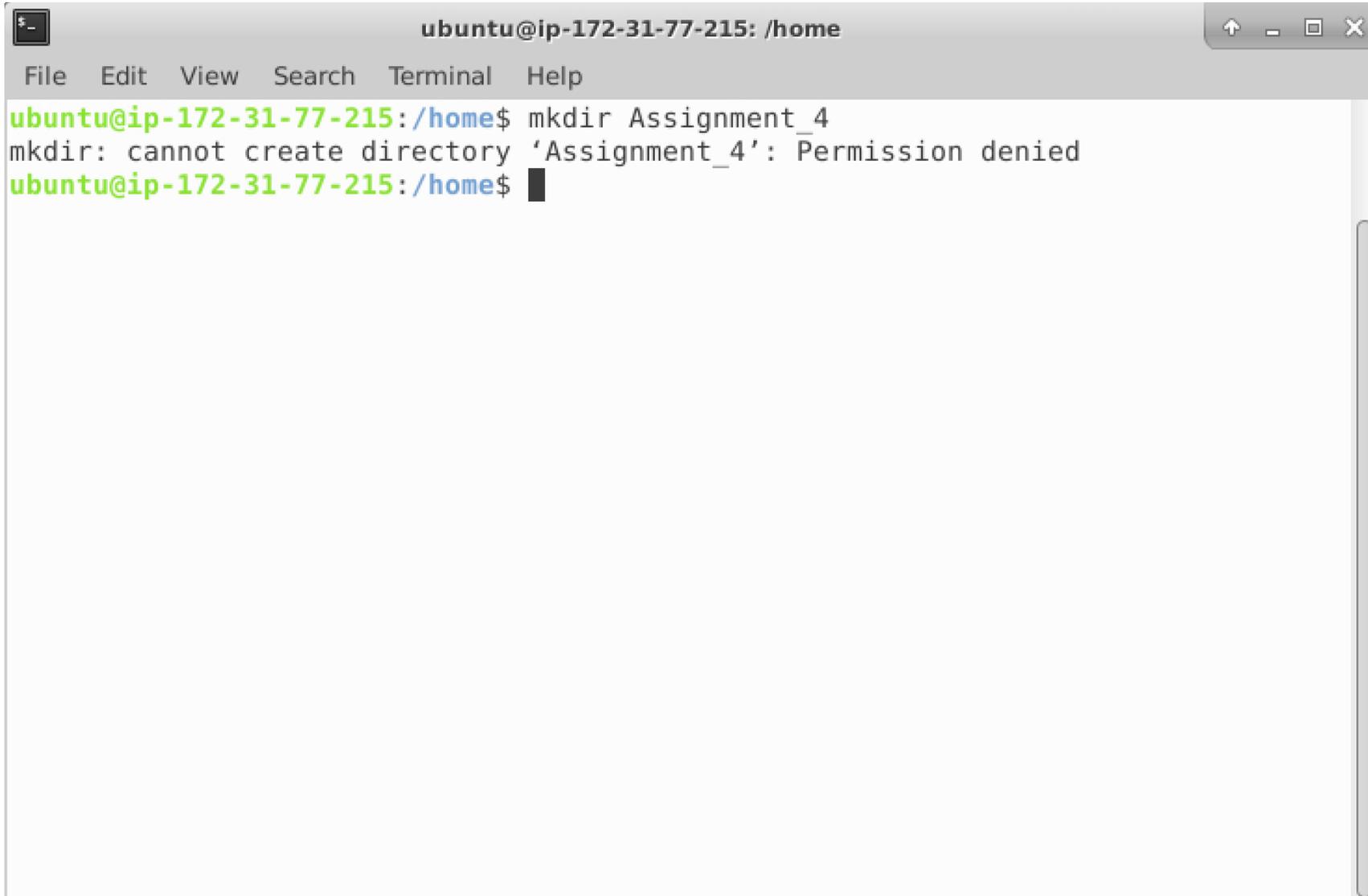
Exercise 8: Consider the host species listed for the hits. Remembering that our samples came from a human patient, which hosts are most evolutionarily distant? Could the viruses generating these hits still have come from the patient sample

- Many people answered this with *Rhinolophus sinicus*
- What about *Streptococcus pneumoniae* and *Staphylococcus aureus* ?

How can I be sure my html is good on Github?

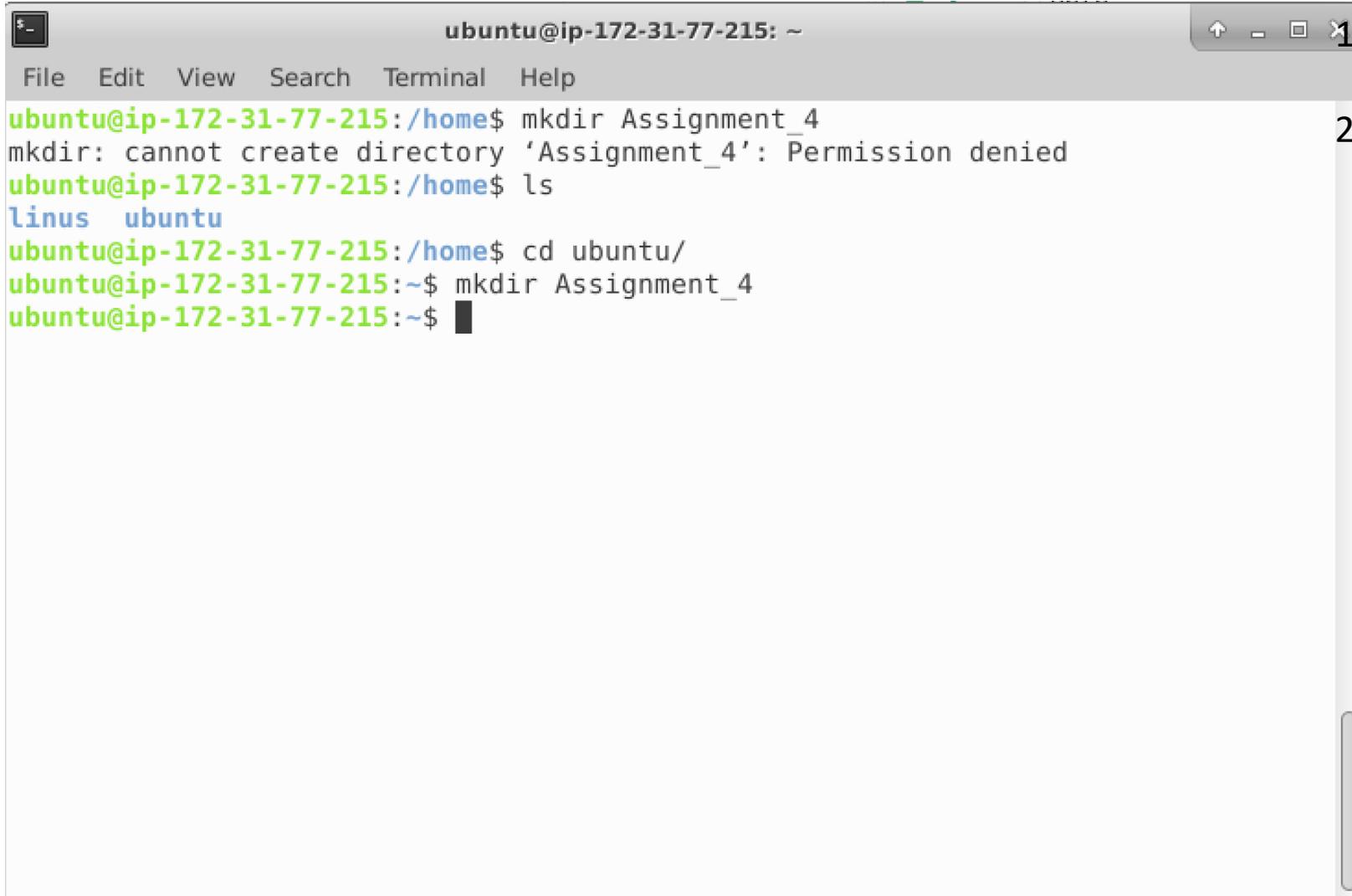
- We are now requiring that you knit your .Rmd to .html
- If you click on the .html file on github you get a mess
- How to confirm your file is okay?
- On github, click on the file, and then click raw.
 - Then:
 - Copy the URL from the browser bar and paste it into <https://htmlpreview.github.io/>
 - OR
 - Save the raw file to your computer (give it a .html extension) and open the downloaded file in your browser.

Problem

A terminal window titled "ubuntu@ip-172-31-77-215: /home" with a menu bar containing "File", "Edit", "View", "Search", "Terminal", and "Help". The terminal output shows the command "mkdir Assignment_4" being executed, followed by the error message "mkdir: cannot create directory 'Assignment_4': Permission denied". The prompt "ubuntu@ip-172-31-77-215: /home\$" is shown again on the next line.

```
ubuntu@ip-172-31-77-215: /home$ mkdir Assignment_4
mkdir: cannot create directory 'Assignment_4': Permission denied
ubuntu@ip-172-31-77-215: /home$
```

Solution

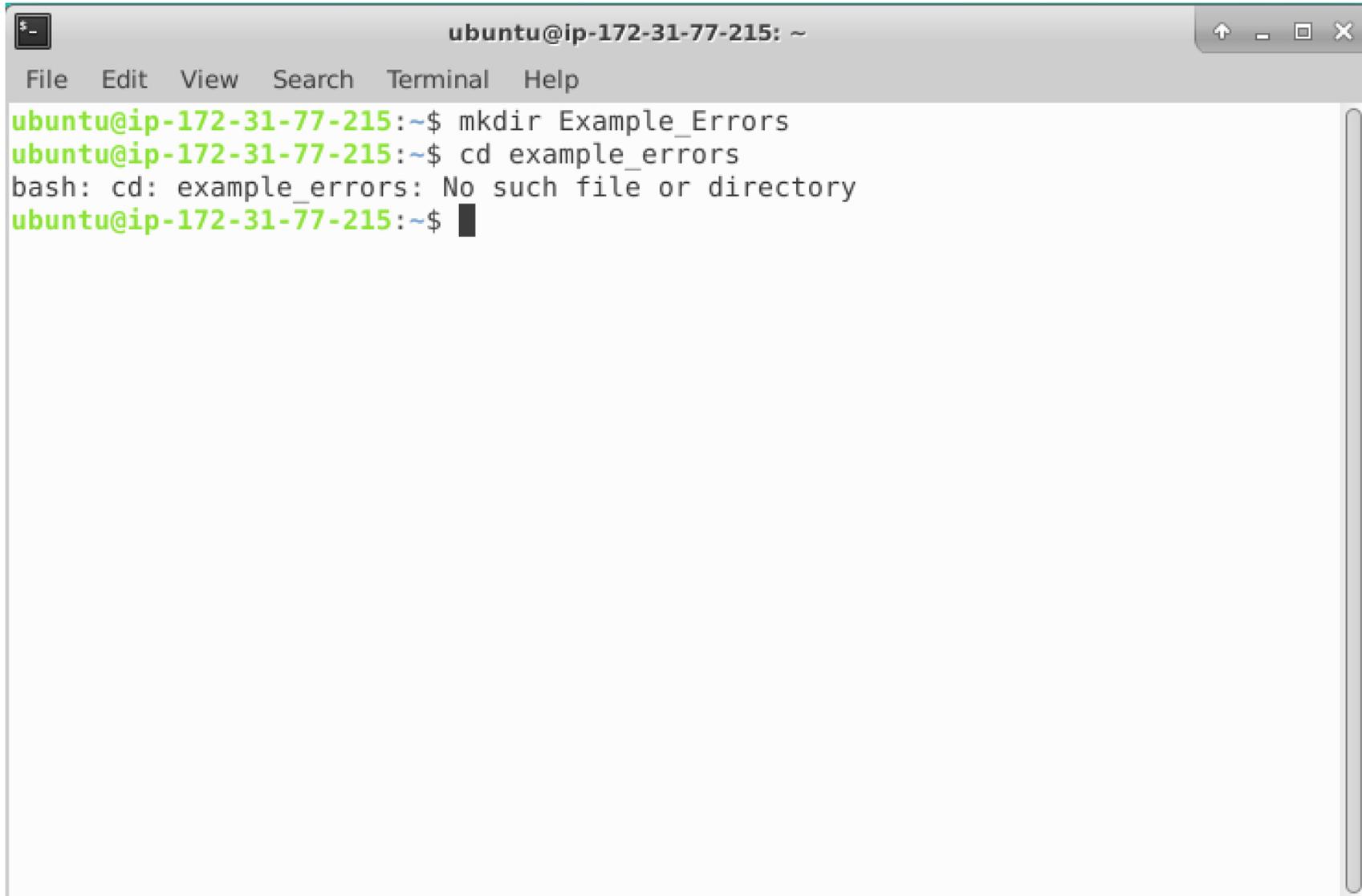
A terminal window titled 'ubuntu@ip-172-31-77-215: ~' with a menu bar (File, Edit, View, Search, Terminal, Help). The terminal shows the following commands and output:

```
ubuntu@ip-172-31-77-215:/home$ mkdir Assignment_4
mkdir: cannot create directory 'Assignment_4': Permission denied
ubuntu@ip-172-31-77-215:/home$ ls
linus  ubuntu
ubuntu@ip-172-31-77-215:/home$ cd ubuntu/
ubuntu@ip-172-31-77-215:~$ mkdir Assignment_4
ubuntu@ip-172-31-77-215:~$
```

1. “/home” is not your home directory

2. “/home” is the home to everyone's home directory

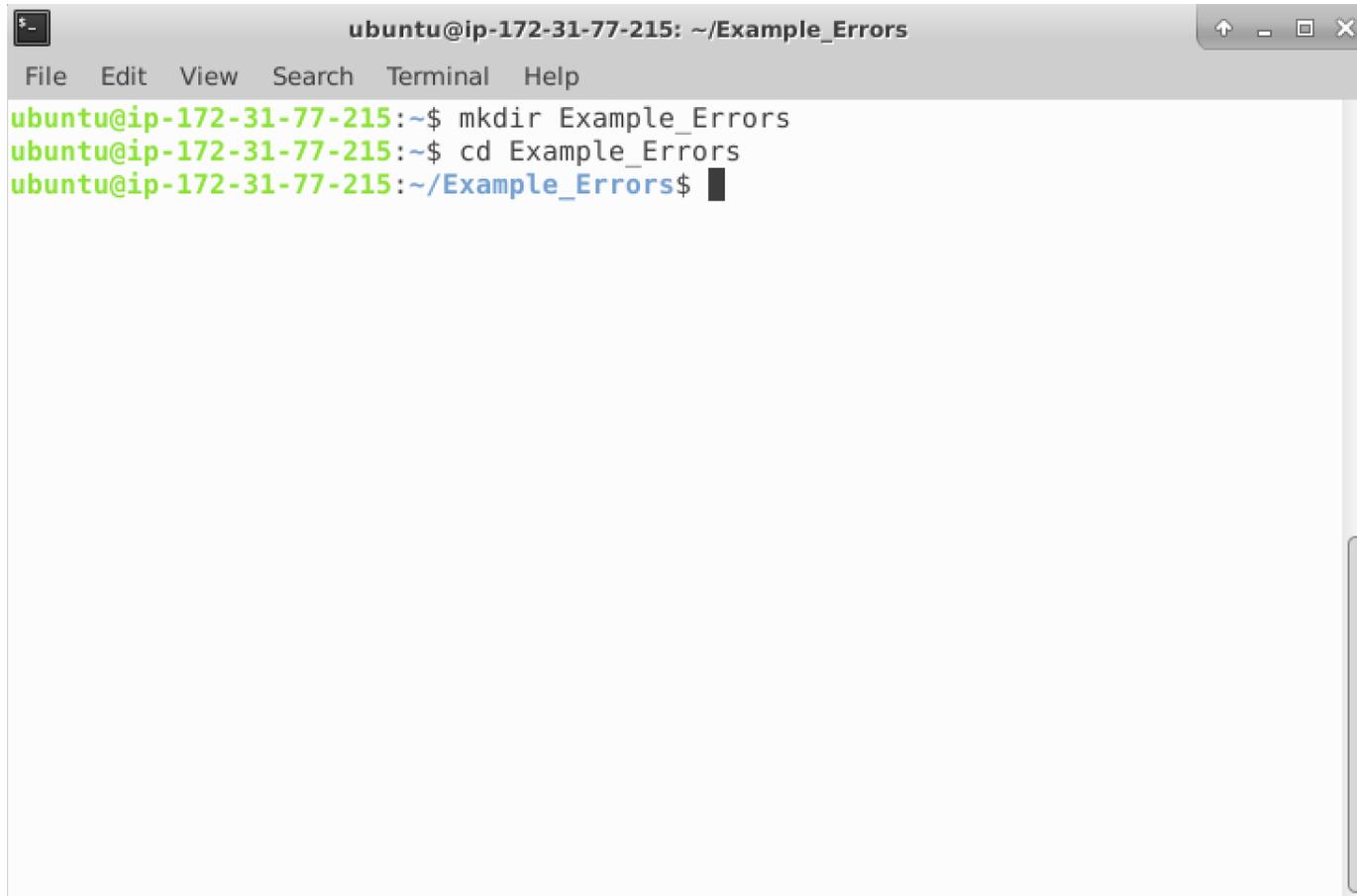
Problem



```
ubuntu@ip-172-31-77-215: ~  
File Edit View Search Terminal Help  
ubuntu@ip-172-31-77-215:~$ mkdir Example_Errors  
ubuntu@ip-172-31-77-215:~$ cd example_errors  
bash: cd: example_errors: No such file or directory  
ubuntu@ip-172-31-77-215:~$ █
```

The image shows a terminal window with a menu bar (File, Edit, View, Search, Terminal, Help) and a title bar (ubuntu@ip-172-31-77-215: ~). The terminal output shows the user creating a directory named 'Example_Errors' and then attempting to change to a directory named 'example_errors', which results in an error message: 'bash: cd: example_errors: No such file or directory'. The prompt returns to the user's home directory.

Solution



```
ubuntu@ip-172-31-77-215: ~/Example_Errors
File Edit View Search Terminal Help
ubuntu@ip-172-31-77-215:~$ mkdir Example_Errors
ubuntu@ip-172-31-77-215:~$ cd Example_Errors
ubuntu@ip-172-31-77-215:~/Example_Errors$
```

1. Capitalization matters when entering file names
2. When in doubt use TAB-completion, if TAB can't find it check your path

Problem



```
ubuntu@ip-172-31-77-215: ~/Example_Errors/scripts
File Edit View Search Terminal Help
ubuntu@ip-172-31-77-215:~/Example_Errors/scripts$ FastTree -nt -gtr -gamma -out
mafft_maxiter100_195_op.5_trimmed.fasttree.tre mafft_maxiter100_195_op.5_trimmed
_75pct.fa
FastTree Version 2.1.11 SSE3
Alignment: mafft_maxiter100_195_op.5_trimmed_75pct.fa
Nucleotide distances: Jukes-Cantor Joins: balanced Support: SH-like 1000
Search: Normal +NNI +SPR (2 rounds range 10) +ML-NNI opt-each=1
TopHits: 1.00*sqrtN close=default refresh=0.80
ML Model: Generalized Time-Reversible, CAT approximation with 20 rate categories
Cannot read mafft_maxiter100_195_op.5_trimmed_75pct.fa
ubuntu@ip-172-31-77-215:~/Example_Errors/scripts$
```

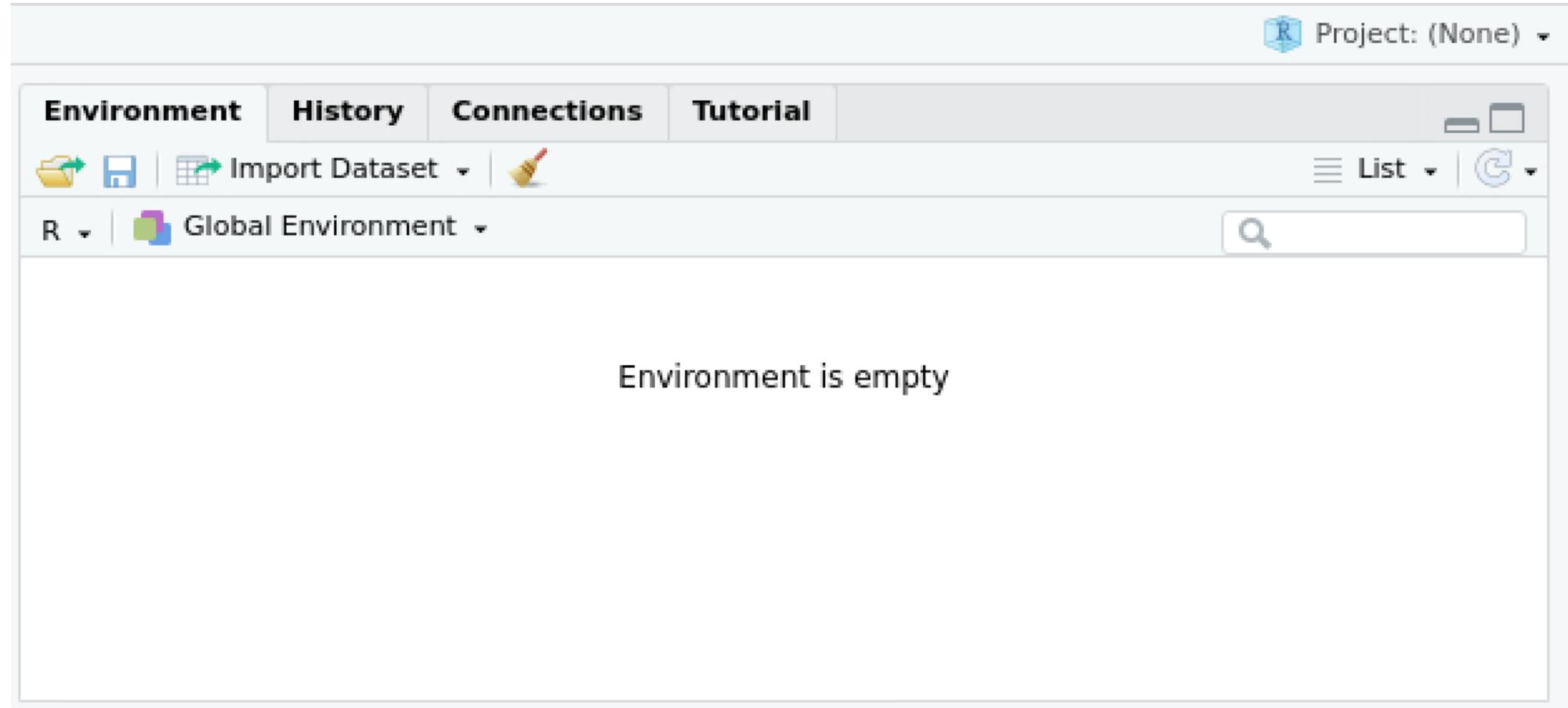
Solution

```
ubuntu@ip-172-31-77-215: ~/Example_Errors/output
File Edit View Search Terminal Help
ubuntu@ip-172-31-77-215:~/Example_Errors/scripts$ ls
ubuntu@ip-172-31-77-215:~/Example_Errors/scripts$ cd ../output/
ubuntu@ip-172-31-77-215:~/Example_Errors/output$ ls
mafft_maxiter100_195_op.5_trimmed_75pct.fa
ubuntu@ip-172-31-77-215:~/Example_Errors/output$ FastTree -nt -gtr -gamma -out m
afft_maxiter100_195_op.5_trimmed.fasttree.tre mafft_maxiter100_195_op.5_trimmed_
75pct.fa
FastTree Version 2.1.11 SSE3
Alignment: mafft_maxiter100_195_op.5_trimmed_75pct.fa
Nucleotide distances: Jukes-Cantor Joins: balanced Support: SH-like 1000
Search: Normal +NNI +SPR (2 rounds range 10) +ML-NNI opt-each=1
TopHits: 1.00*sqrtN close=default refresh=0.80
ML Model: Generalized Time-Reversible, CAT approximation with 20 rate categories
Ignored unknown character D (seen 1 times)
Ignored unknown character K (seen 4 times)
Ignored unknown character M (seen 1 times)
Ignored unknown character R (seen 13 times)
Ignored unknown character S (seen 4 times)
Ignored unknown character W (seen 4 times)
Ignored unknown character X (seen 408 times)
Ignored unknown character Y (seen 16 times)
█ 0.24 seconds: Top hits for 102 of 155 seqs (at seed 100)
```

1. Make sure you are in the right directory
2. Make sure the files you need have the correct path and exist
3. TAB COMPLETE

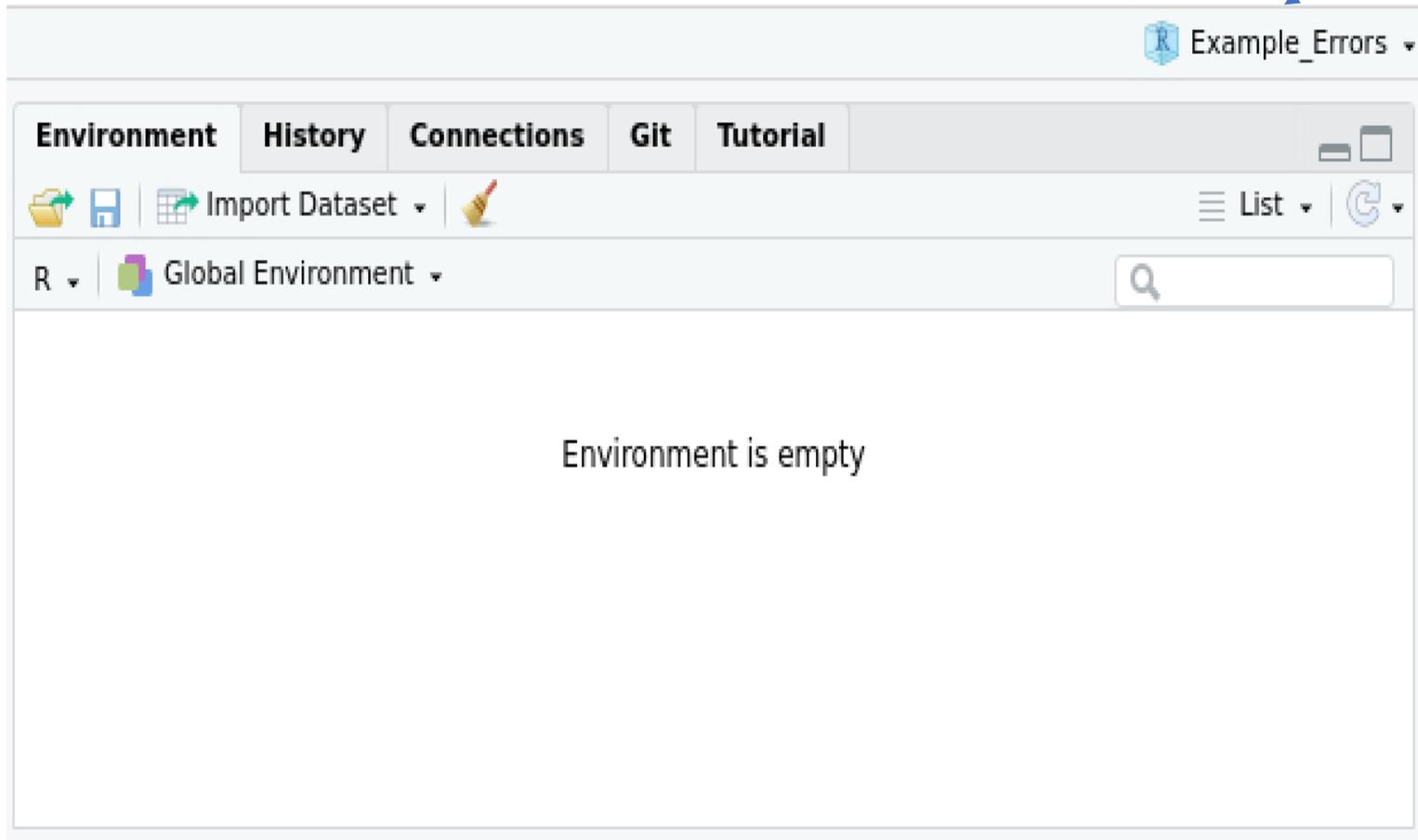
Problem

Where is the Git tab?



Solution

Load your project by clicking here and selecting the appropriate project



Problem

```
{r}  
dat <- data.frame(A=rep(c("A","B"), 3), B = 1:6)  
dat
```

A <chr>	B <int>
A	1
B	2
A	3
B	4
A	5
B	6

6 rows

```
{r}  
dat %>% filter(A == "A")
```

Error in dat %>% filter(A == "A") : could not find function "%>%"

Solution

```
```{r}
dat <- data.frame(A=rep(c("A","B"), 3), B = 1:6)
dat
```
```

| A
<chr> | B
<int> |
|-------------------|-------------------|
| A | 1 |
| B | 2 |
| A | 3 |
| B | 4 |
| A | 5 |
| B | 6 |

6 rows

```
```{r}
library(tidyverse)
```
```

```
```{r}
dat %>% filter(A == "A")
```
```

Description: df[,2] [3 × 2]

| A
<chr> | B
<int> |
|-------------------|-------------------|
| A | 1 |
| A | 3 |
| A | 5 |

1. Always make sure to load the libraries you will need
2. The simplest solution is to load them at the top of your Rmd

Problem

The screenshot shows the RStudio IDE interface. The main editor displays an R Markdown file named "Example_errors.Rmd" with the following content:

```
1 ---  
2 title: "Example_errors"  
3 output: html_document  
4 ---  
5  
6 ```{r setup, include=FALSE}  
7 knitr::opts_chunk$set(echo = TRUE)  
8 ```  
9  
10 ```{r}  
11 dat  
12 ```  
13 |
```

The console at the bottom shows an error message:

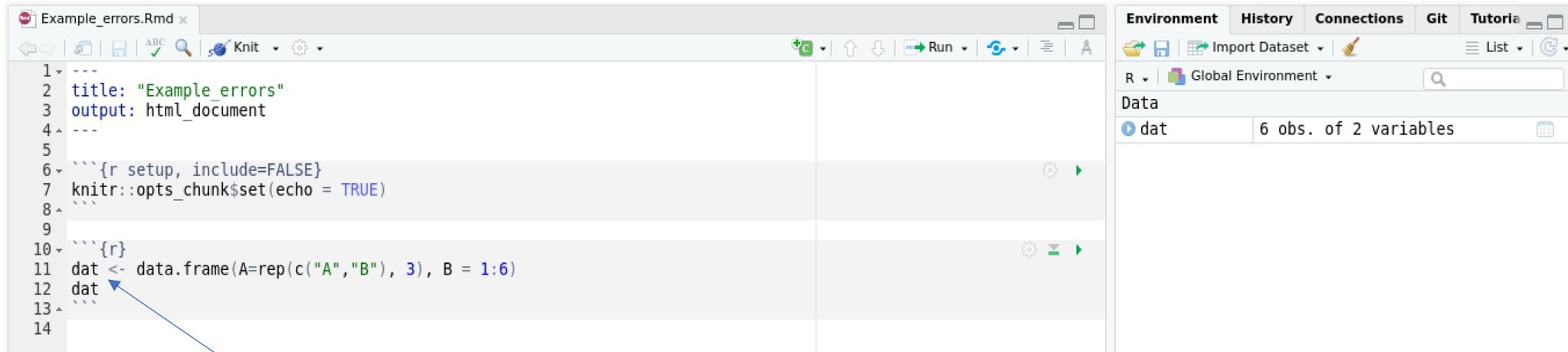
```
Line 11 Error in eval(expr, envir, enclos) : object 'dat' not found Calls: <Anonymous> ... handle ->  
withCallingHandlers -> withVisible -> eval -> eval Execution halted
```

The Environment pane on the right shows the Global Environment with a data object named "dat" containing 6 observations of 2 variables.

| Environment | History | Connections | Git | Tutorials |
|-------------|-----------------------|-------------|-----|-----------|
| R | Global Environment | | | |
| Data | | | | |
| dat | 6 obs. of 2 variables | | | |

The Files pane at the bottom right shows the current directory structure: Home > Example_Errors > scripts.

Solution



The screenshot shows the RStudio interface. The left pane displays the Rmd file content:

```
1 ---  
2 title: "Example_errors"  
3 output: html_document  
4 ---  
5  
6 ```{r setup, include=FALSE}  
7 knitr::opts_chunk$set(echo = TRUE)  
8 ```  
9  
10 ```{r}  
11 dat <- data.frame(A=rep(c("A","B"), 3), B = 1:6)  
12 dat  
13 ```  
14
```

The right pane shows the Environment tab with the following information:

| Environment | History | Connections | Git | Tutoria |
|-------------|-----------------------|-------------|-----|---------|
| R | Global Environment | | | |
| Data | | | | |
| dat | 6 obs. of 2 variables | | | |

A blue arrow points from the text below to the variable 'dat' in the Rmd file.

Any objects called in your Rmd file
must be created in your Rmd file

Problem

```
```{r}
tblastx <- read_tsv(../input/blastout.tblastx.tsv.gz, col_names=headers, comment="#")
```
```

```
Error in is.connection(x) : object '..' not found
```

Solution

1. File paths must be surrounded by quotation marks

```
```{r}
tblastx <- read_tsv("../input/blastout.tblastx.tsv.gz", col_names=headers, comment="#")
head(tblastx)
```
```

R Console

tbl_df
6 x 13

A tibble: 6 x 13

| query.acc.ver
<chr> | subject.acc.ver
<chr> | pct.identity
<dbl> | alignment.length
<dbl> | mismatches
<dbl> | gap.opens
<dbl> | q.start
<dbl> |
|-------------------------------|---------------------------------|------------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------|---------------------------|-------------------------|
| Seq_H | MG772933 | 94.924 | 2817 | 143 | 0 | 13091 |
| Seq_H | MG772933 | 97.035 | 2327 | 69 | 0 | 3999 |
| Seq_H | MG772933 | 95.281 | 784 | 37 | 0 | 105 |
| Seq_H | MG772933 | 81.218 | 969 | 182 | 0 | 3011 |
| Seq_H | MG772933 | 64.511 | 1237 | 439 | 0 | 19999 |

So, when do I quote in R?

- In R, generally quotes are used to enclose literal text
- If there are no quotes, R will look for an object of that name
- So, quote file paths, text for comparison or searching, etc.
- Don't quote object names
- Don't quote column names in the tidyverse

Problem

```
```{r}
tblastx <- read_tsv("../input/blastout.tblastx.tsv", col_names=headers, comment="#")
head(tblastx)
```
```

```
Error: '../input/blastout.tblastx.tsv' does not exist in current working directory
('/home/ubuntu/Example_Errors/scripts').
```

Solution

1. File names must be exact
2. Use TAB-completion to be sure

```
```{r}
tblastx <- read_tsv("../input/blastout.tblastx.tsv.gz", col_names=headers, comment="#")
head(tblastx)
```
```

R Console

tbl_df
6 x 13

A tibble: 6 x 13

| query.acc.ver
<chr> | subject.acc.ver
<chr> | pct.identity
<dbl> | alignment.length
<dbl> | mismatches
<dbl> | gap.opens
<dbl> | q.start
<dbl> |
|-------------------------------|---------------------------------|------------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------|---------------------------|-------------------------|
| Seq_H | MG772933 | 94.924 | 2817 | 143 | 0 | 13091 |
| Seq_H | MG772933 | 97.035 | 2327 | 69 | 0 | 3999 |
| Seq_H | MG772933 | 95.281 | 784 | 37 | 0 | 105 |
| Seq_H | MG772933 | 81.218 | 969 | 182 | 0 | 3011 |
| Seq_H | MG772933 | 64.511 | 1237 | 439 | 0 | 19999 |

Problem

```
```{r}
tblastx <- read_tsv("home/ubuntu/Example_Errors/input/blastout.tblastx.tsv.gz", col_names=headers,
comment="#")
head(tblastx)
```
```

Error: 'home/ubuntu/Example_Errors/input/blastout.tblastx.tsv.gz' does not exist in current working directory ('/home/ubuntu/Example_Errors/scripts'). [Show Traceback](#)

Solution

1. If you use the absolute path, it must start with "/"

```
```{r}
tblastx <- read_tsv("/home/ubuntu/Example_Errors/input/blastout.tblastx.tsv.gz", col_names=headers,
comment="#")
head(tblastx)
```
```



A tibble: 6 x 13

| query.acc.ver
<chr> | subject.acc.ver
<chr> | pct.identity
<dbl> | alignment.length
<dbl> | mismatches
<dbl> | gap.opens
<dbl> | q.start
<dbl> |
|-------------------------------|---------------------------------|------------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------|---------------------------|-------------------------|
| Seq_H | MG772933 | 94.924 | 2817 | 143 | 0 | 13091 |
| Seq_H | MG772933 | 97.035 | 2327 | 69 | 0 | 3999 |
| Seq_H | MG772933 | 95.281 | 784 | 37 | 0 | 105 |

Read the Error messages!

Problem

```
```{r}
tblastx %>%
 filter(subject.acc.ver = "MG772933")
```
```

```
Error: Problem with `filter()` input `..1`. x Input `..1` is named. i This usually means
that you've used `=` instead of `==`. i Did you mean `subject.acc.ver == "MG772933"`? Run
`rlang::last_error()` to see where the error occurred.
```

[Show Traceback](#)

Solution

"=" is used to assign a value to an object
"==" is used to compare two objects

```
```{r}
tblastx %>%
 filter(subject.acc.ver == "MG772933")
```
```

A tibble: 259 x 13

| query.acc.ver
<chr> | subject.acc.ver
<chr> | pct.identity
<dbl> | alignment.length
<dbl> | mismatches
<dbl> |
|-------------------------------|---------------------------------|------------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------|
| Seq_H | MG772933 | 94.924 | 2817 | 143 |
| Seq_H | MG772933 | 97.035 | 2327 | 69 |
| Seq_H | MG772933 | 95.281 | 784 | 37 |

Problem

```
```{r}
patient <- readDNAStringSet("../..Assignment_2/input/patient_viral.txt")
patient <- patient[names(patient) == "Seq_H"]
selected.seqs <- c(selected.seqs, patient)
length(selected.seqs)
selected.seqs
```
```

```
[1] 105
```

```
DNAStringSet object of length 105:
```

| | width | seq | names | |
|-------|-------|--|----------|------------|
| [1] | 30033 | ACTTCCCCTCGTTCCTTGCAGAACTTTGATTT...CCCGGGAAGAGCTCTACAGTGTGAAATGTAAAT | MN507638 | Middle ... |
| [2] | 31075 | GATTTGCGTGCGTGCATCCCGCTTACCGATCT...AATGAAGTTAATTATGGCCAATTGGAAGAATCA | MN514966 | Dromeda... |
| [3] | 29585 | GATAAAAGGTAATAGCACCGCGCTATAACCGAA...TTTGATAGAGGATTTGCAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAA | MK492263 | Bat cor... |
| [4] | 30777 | ATATGGACTTGCATTCATAACAATTTACGTAT...GAATGAAGTTAATTATGGCCAATTGGAAGAATC | MN026164 | Human c... |
| [5] | 30213 | TATTAGGTTTTCTACCTACCCAGGAAAAGCCAA...AATGTGTAAAATTAATTTTAGTAGTGCTATCCC | MK211378 | Coronav... |
| ... | ... | ... | | |
| [101] | 29731 | GAAAAGCCAA CCAACCTCGATCTCTTGTAGATC...CCCATGTGATTTTAATAGCTTCTTAGGAGAATC | AY515512 | SARS co... |
| [102] | 29751 | ATATTAGGTTTTTACCTACCCAGGAAAAGCCAA...GAGAATGACAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAA | AY274119 | Severe ... |
| [103] | 29838 | CAACCAACTTTTCGATCTCTTGTAGATCTGTTCT...CATGTGATTTTAATAGCTTCTTAGGAGAATGAC | Seq_H | |
| [104] | 29838 | CAACCAACTTTTCGATCTCTTGTAGATCTGTTCT...CATGTGATTTTAATAGCTTCTTAGGAGAATGAC | Seq_H | |
| [105] | 29838 | CAACCAACTTTTCGATCTCTTGTAGATCTGTTCT...CATGTGATTTTAATAGCTTCTTAGGAGAATGAC | Seq_H | |

Solution

1. If you run this line multiple times it will add Seq_H to selected.seqs each time
2. Recreate selected.seqs if you want to remove the additional Seq_H entries
3. When knitting, this will not be an issue as each line is only ran once

```
```{r}
patient <- readDNASTringSet("../..Assignment_2/input/patient_viral.txt")
patient <- patient[names(patient) == "Seq_H"]
selected.seqs <- ncbi.seqs[names(ncbi.seqs) %in% filtered.blastn$subject.title]
selected.seqs <- c(selected.seqs, patient)
length(selected.seqs)
selected.seqs
```
```

```
[1] 103
```

```
DNASTringSet object of length 103:
```

| | width | seq | names | |
|-------|-------|--|----------|------------|
| [1] | 30033 | ACTTCCCCTCGTTCTCTTGCAGAACTTTGATTT...CCCGGGAAGAGCTCTACAGTGTGAAATGTAAAT | MN507638 | Middle ... |
| [2] | 31075 | GATTTGCGTGCGTGCATCCCGCTTCACCGATCT...AATGAAGTTAATTATGGCCAATTGGAAGAATCA | MN514966 | Dromeda... |
| [3] | 29585 | GATAAAAGGTAATAGCACCGCGCTATAACCGAA...TTTGATAGAGGATTTGCAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAA | MK492263 | Bat cor... |
| [4] | 30777 | ATATGGACTTGCATTATAACAATTTACGTAT...GAATGAAGTTAATTATGGCCAATTGGAAGAATC | MN026164 | Human c... |
| [5] | 30213 | TATTAGGTTTTCTACCTACCCAGGAAAAGCCAA...AATGTGTAAAATTAATTTTAGTAGTGCTATCCC | MK211378 | Coronav... |
| ... | ... | ... | | |
| [99] | 27550 | AAAGTGAGTGTAGCGTGGCTATATCTCTTATTT...TGAAAATTTTTCTTTTTGATAGTGATACAACCCC | DQ811787 | PRCV IS... |
| [100] | 29540 | AAGCCAACCAACCTCGATCTCTTGTAGATCTGT...GGTTTAGTTAACTTTAATCTCACATAGCAATCT | AY572034 | SARS co... |
| [101] | 29731 | GAAAAGCCAACCAACCTCGATCTCTTGTAGATC...CCCATGTGATTTTAATAGCTTCTTAGGAGAATC | AY515512 | SARS co... |
| [102] | 29751 | ATATTAGGTTTTTACCTACCCAGGAAAAGCCAA...GAGAATGACAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAA | AY274119 | Severe ... |
| [103] | 29838 | CAACCAACTTTTCGATCTCTTGTAGATCTGTTCT...CATGTGATTTTAATAGCTTCTTAGGAGAATGAC | Seq_H | |

Problem

```
```{r}
download.file(url="https://bis180ldata.s3.amazonaws.com/downloads/Assignment3/blastout.WS28.tsv.gz",
 destfile = "../input/blastout.mega.WS28.tsv.gz") # use this to put the file in a different
directory
install.packages("UpSetR")
```
```

Solution

Once you install a package or download a file, there's no need to reinstall or download each time you run/knit your code. Comment the commands out to save time

```
```\r}\n#download.file(url="https://bis180ldata.s3.amazonaws.com/downloads/Assignment3/blastout.WS28.tsv.gz",\n#|           destfile = "../input/blastout.mega.WS28.tsv.gz") # use this to put the file in a different\n#directory\n#install.packages("UpSetR")\n```\n
```

# Problem

```
```{r}
install.packages("Biostrings")
```
```

Installing package into ‘/home/ubuntu/R/x86\_64-pc-linux-gnu-library/4.0’  
(as ‘lib’ is unspecified)

Warning in install.packages :

package ‘Biostrings’ is not available for this version of R

A version of this package for your version of R might be available elsewhere,  
see the ideas at

<https://cran.r-project.org/doc/manuals/r-patched/R-admin.html#Installing-packages>

# Solution



how to install biostrings in r



All News Videos Shopping Images More Settings Tools

About 12,000 results (0.43 seconds)

<https://bioconductor.org> › packages › Biostrings

**Biostrings - Bioconductor**

**Biostrings:** Efficient manipulation of biological strings. R package version 2.58.0,  
<https://bioconductor.org/packages/Biostrings>. **Installation.** To install this package, ...

String objects representing ...

source("http://bioconductor.org/bi  
ocLite.R") biocLite("Biostrings ...

[More results from bioconductor.org »](#)

Efficient manipulation of ...

This is the development version of  
Biostrings; for the stable release ...

## Installation

To install this package, start R (version "4.0") and enter:

```
if (!requireNamespace("BiocManager", quietly = TRUE))
 install.packages("BiocManager")

BiocManager::install("Biostrings")
```

For older versions of R, please refer to the appropriate [Bioconductor release](#).

Not all R libraries are stored  
in CRAN

Some require additional  
steps to install

# Overall Takeaways

- Be skeptical
- Know your working directory
- Check file paths
- Use tab complete
- Inspect your objects
- Read error messages